

Landforms Shaped by Water Note-taking Guide – Answer Key

sandy, sediments. beaches. Australia. archipelago, partly, island. peninsula, deltas, rivers, deposit, bay, Lake Superior, gravel, lakes, coast

A <u>coast</u> is a region of land along a river or an ocean where land meets the water. A coast may be rocky or <u>sandy</u>.

Sometimes, land on the coast wears away slowly over millions of years to form a <u>bay</u>. A bay is a part of the ocean that is <u>partly</u> enclosed by land.

<u>Beaches</u> are formed when a coast is eroded over millions of years. They are formed when wind and storms <u>deposit</u> sand, pebbles, and <u>gravel</u>.

As the river meets the oceans, it deposits huge amounts of <u>sediments</u> at the mouth. Over millions of years, these deposits form large areas of triangular land called <u>deltas</u>.

<u>Lakes</u> are large bodies of water that are surrounded by land on all sides. <u>Lake Superior</u>, Lake Michigan, and Lake Ontario are some of the largest lakes in America.

An <u>island</u> is a piece of land surrounded by water on all sides. Islands can be found on lakes, <u>rivers</u>, and oceans. <u>Australia</u> and Antarctica are both large continents that are also islands.

A chain or a large group of islands clustered together in an ocean is called an <u>archipelago</u>. The Hawaiian Archipelago is made of eight major islands and several smaller islands.

A peninsula is a piece of land surrounded by water on three sides.